What To Know About TALCB Enforcement



Presentation to:

North Texas Chapter of the Appraisal Institute
Tuesday, September 12, 2017

Introduction

Texas Appraiser Licensing and Certification Board

The Texas Legislature established the Texas
Appraiser Licensing & Certification
Board (TALCB) in order to safeguard
consumers in matters of real property
appraisal services

Introduction

TALCB Standards and Enforcement Services (SES)

Administers the TALCB's enforcement program. The division ensures compliance with federal law under FIRREA as amended by the Dodd-Frank and also enforces state law and investigates violations

Introduction

Texas Appraiser Licensing and Certification Board Staff

Mark Lee

Staff Attorney, Standards & Enforcement Services Division

Jim Jacobs

Investigator, Standards & Enforcement Services Division

Appraiser since 1972, AQB USPAP Instructor, SRA, AI-RRS, DAC designations

General Sources

Texas Occupation Code Chapter 1103 (Appraisers) Chapter 1104 (AMC's)

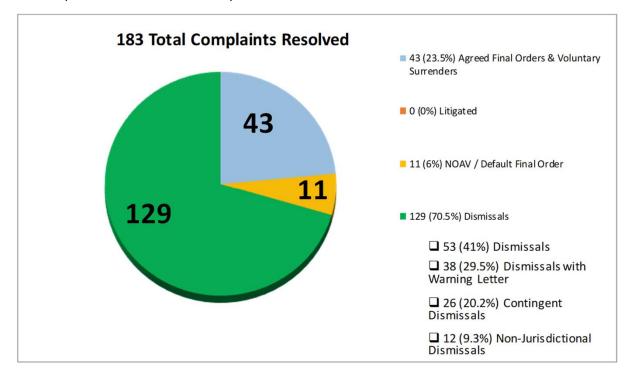
Texas Administrative Code-Title 22, Part 8 (Board Rules) Chapters 153, 155, 157, and 159

Topics

- Who We Are
- Case Resolution Statistics
- Processes For Complaints & Audits
- Sanctions
- Common USPAP Violations
- New Developments
- Questions and Answers

Case Resolution Statistics

SEPTEMBER 1, 2016 – AUGUST 31, 2017



% of License	Holders	w/Discir	olinary	/ Actions
/U UI LIUGII36	HUIGUIS	W/DISCIR	Jiiiiai 1	/ Actions

FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
.8%	.6%	.7%	.5%	.4%

Total Number of Licensees (as of June 30, 2017): 7,619

FY 2017
13.8%

SEPTEMBER 1, 2016 - AUGUST 31, 2017



% of License Holders	w/Disciplinary Actions
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FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
.8%	.6%	.7%	.5%	.4%

FY 2017 Recidivism Rate

FY 2017 13.8%

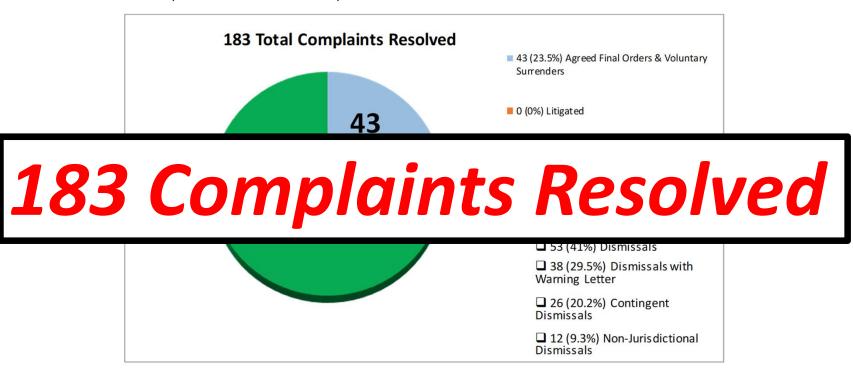
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TALCB Standards & Enforcement Services CASE STATUS REPORT as of AUGUST 30, 2017 # of Cases Received FY2015 FY2016 16-Sep 16-Oct 16-Nov 16-Dec 17-Jan 17-Feb 17-Mar 17-Apr 17-May 17-Jun 17-Jul 17-Aug Case Classification FYTD Complaint Category: **AMCs** Dodd Frank Ethics USPAP Other No Jurisdiction SUB: **Experience Audits RFAs & Covert Complaints MCD** Inquiries SUB: Opened During FY Year | Month # of Cases Closed Case Disposition FY2015 FY2016 16-Sep 16-Oct 16-Nov 16-Dec 17-Jan 17-Feb 17-Mar 17-Apr 17-May 17-Jun 17-Jul 17-Aug **FYTD** Surrendered Agreed Final Order / Final Order Other Disciplinary Action Insufficient Evidence Dismissed No Jurisdiction SUB: **Experience Audits RFAs MCD** Inquiries SUB: Closed During FY Year | Month Total Cases Open as of 8/30/17:

TALCB Standards & Enforcement Services AMC CASE STATUS REPORT as of AUGUST 30, 2017 # of Cases Received **Case Classification** FY2015 FY2016 16-Sep 16-Oct 16-Nov 16-Dec 17-Jan 17-Feb 17-Mar 17-Apr 17-May 17-Jul 17-Aug FYTD 17-Jun Complaint Category: AMC Compliance Dodd Frank Ethics USPAP Other No Jurisdiction SUB: **RFAs & Covert Complaints** Opened During FY Year | Month # of Cases Closed **Case Disposition** FY2015 FY2016 16-Sep 16-Oct 16-Nov 16-Dec 17-Jan 17-Feb 17-Mar 17-Apr 17-May 17-Jun 17-Jul 17-Aug FYTD Surrendered Agreed Final Order Other Disciplinary Action Insufficient Evidence Dismissed No Jurisdiction SUB: **RFAs & Covert Complaints** Closed During FY Year | Month

Total Cases Open as of 8/30/17:

SEPTEMBER 1, 2016 - AUGUST 31, 2017



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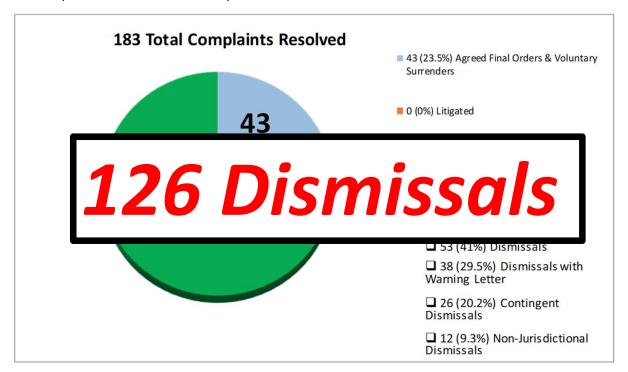
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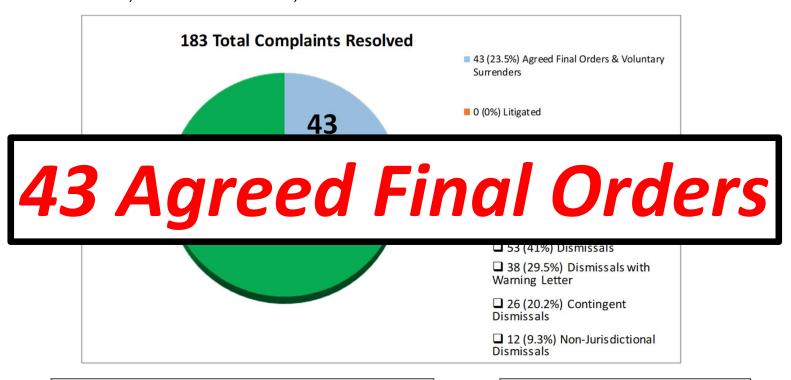
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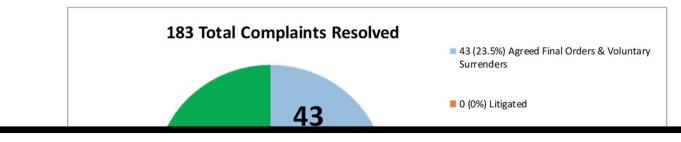
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SEPTEMBER 1, 2016 – AUGUST 31, 2017



10 NOAV/Default Final Order



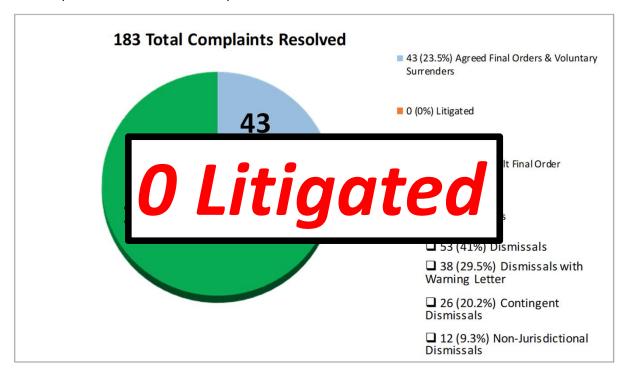
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SEPTEMBER 1, 2016 - AUGUST 31, 2017



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.5%

Total Number of Licensees (as of June 30, 2017): 7,619

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.8%

FY 2017
13.8%

SEPTEMBER 1, 2016 – AUGUST 31, 2017

183 Total Complaints Resolved

43 (23.5%) Agreed Final Orders & Voluntary
 Surrenders

Percent of License Holders w/Disciplinary Actions

☐ 26 (20.2%) Contingent Dismissals

☐ 12 (9.3%) Non-Juris dictional Dismissals

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SEPTEMBER 1, 2016 – AUGUST 31, 2017

183 Total Complaints Resolved

 43 (23.5%) Agreed Final Orders & Voluntary Surrenders

Less than ½ of One Percent (0.4%)

☐ 26 (20.2%) Contingent Dismissals

☐ 12 (9.3%) Non-Juris dictional Dismissals

% of License Holders w/Disciplinary Actions

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FY 2017 Recidivism Rate

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Ten Staff Members

- 1 Division Director (lawyer)
- 1 Agency Attorney (lawyer)
- 5 Investigators (all appraisers)
- 3 Support Staff (2 legal assistants; 1 legal secretary)

At TALCB we've been given the task of: Protecting the public from improper appraisal practices

Protecting the financial sector from unwarranted risk

Protecting appraisers from unfair competition

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STANDARDS ENFORCEMENT SERVICES

Violations of USPAP

Violations of State Law

Violations of Board Regulations (Rules)

REGULATE REAL ESTATE APPRAISERS

- Complaints
- Experience Audits
- Background Checks
- Voluntary Trainee Reviews
- Assistance to Law Enforcement (RFAs)

REGULATE APPRAISAL MANAGEMENT COMPANIES

- Complaints
- Audits (in the future)

WHO CAN FILE A COMPLAINT IN TEXAS?

WHO CAN FILE A COMPLAINT IN TEXAS? Anyone may file a complaint

WHO CAN FILE A COMPLAINT IN TEXAS? For any reason

WHO CAN FILE A COMPLAINT IN TEXAS? Complaint Intake Form



Complaint Intake Form Must be signed by Complainant (No anonymous complaints)

WHAT HAPPENS WHEN A COMPLAINT IS FILED?

WHEN A COMPLAINT IS RECEIVED: Assigned a Case Number

WHEN A COMPLAINT IS RECEIVED:

Acknowledgement of receipt Sent to Complainant

WHEN A COMPLAINT IS RECEIVED:

Reviewed for: Jurisdiction

WHEN A COMPLAINT IS RECEIVED:

Reviewed for: Whether Violation Exists

WHEN A COMPLAINT IS RECEIVED:

Complaint Intake Form & All Supporting Documents Sent to Respondent

WHEN A COMPLAINT IS RECEIVED:

Appraiser has 20 days to respond

WHEN A COMPLAINT IS RECEIVED:

May Be Extended For Good Cause

WHEN A COMPLAINT IS RECEIVED:

Response to include: Copy Of Appraisal Report

WHEN A COMPLAINT IS RECEIVED: Response to include: Copy of Work File

WHEN A COMPLAINT IS RECEIVED: Response to include: Narrative Response

WHEN A COMPLAINT IS RECEIVED: Response to include: List of Persons with Knowledge of Case

WHEN A COMPLAINT IS RECEIVED: Response to include: Completed Questionnaire

WHEN A COMPLAINT IS RECEIVED:

Response may include:
Any non-work file documentation
(Labeled as not part of original work file)

WHEN THE RESPONSE

IS RECEIVED:

Reviewed for:

Sufficient evidence

WHEN THE RESPONSE IS RECEIVED:

Reviewed for: Potential USPAP violations

WHEN THE RESPONSE IS RECEIVED:

Assigned to Investigator

INVESTIGATORS All Investigators are state-certified appraisers

INVESTIGATORS

All have extensive and varied residential and commercial appraisal experience

DETERMINATION IS MADE: Informal vs Formal Complaint

DETERMINATION IS MADE:

Informal Complaint may be dismissed

DETERMINATION IS MADE:

Formal complaint Investigation process begins

INVESTIGATOR WILL: Read all documents

INVESTIGATOR WILL:

Review all documents

INVESTIGATOR WILL:

Research the facts related to the case

INVESTIGATOR WILL:

Research the data related to the case

INVESTIGATOR WILL:

Conduct necessary research and analysis to produce credible determination (Standard 3)

NOTE:

Under Appraisal Subcommittee Policy Statement 7

NOTE:

The Board must consider all USPAP violations

NOTE:

Whether or not basis of complaint

UPON COMPLETION OF THE INVESTIGATION PROCESS

INVESTIGATOR WILL:
Prepare Investigation
Report detailing the
findings
(Standard 3)



INVESTIGATOR WILL:

Prepare Disposition Factor Analysis Worksheet (DFAW)



INVESTIGATOR WILL:

Forward Investigation Report and DFAW to Agency Attorney

WHAT HAPPENS AFTER THE INVESTIGATION IS COMPLETE?

When a complaint has been completely investigated, 3 different outcomes are possible:



Dismissal of the complaint case



Resolution by agreed discipline



Resolution through a disciplinary hearing



With a Contingent Dismissal the complaint is deferred during a prescribed time period in which courses, mentorship or other requirements are completed



With a Contingent Dismissal if all conditions of the "contingent dismissal" agreement are met, the case is dismissed with a non-disciplinary warning letter



A Contingent Dismissal is usually done by e-mail, not published on website, and not considered a discipline



Approximately 70% of formal complaints are resolved with a dismissal or Contingent Dismissal



Approximately 70% of formal population of a formal population of formal population of the formal

POINTS TO REMEMBER:

CONTINGENT DISMISSAL: Dismissal of a complaint case may occur after successful completion of "contingent dismissal" requirements

POINTS TO REMEMBER:

Prosecution of the complaint is deferred during a prescribed time period in which courses, mentorship or other requirements are completed

POINTS TO REMEMBER:

If all conditions of the "contingent dismissal" agreement are met, the case is dismissed with a non-disciplinary warning letter



Agreed Final Order occurs
after consultation
between TALCB
Attorney and appraiser
and/or his/her attorney



Agreed Final Order contains
"Findings of Fact" and
"Conclusions of Law"
specifying the deficiencies
found, signed and notarized
by the appraiser



Agreed Final Order requires courses, mentorship, and/or monitoring



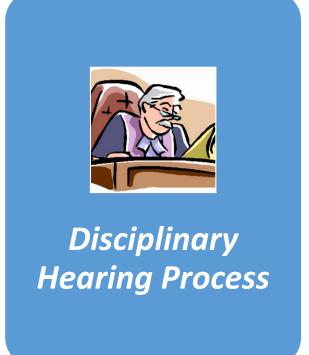
Agreed Final Order possibly imposes administrative penalties, probated suspension or probated revocation



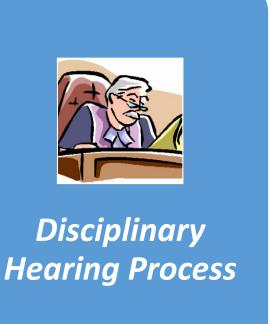
If the terms are not met an Agreed Final Order automatically imposes suspension and \$1,000 administrative penalty



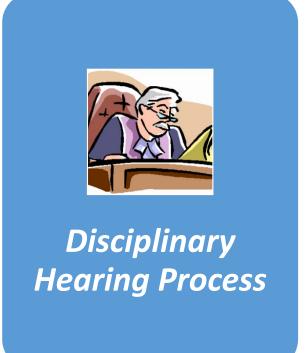
An Agreed Final Order is a formal written document, published on website, and considered a discipline



State Office of
Administrative Hearing
("SOAH") is a
Semi-formal process

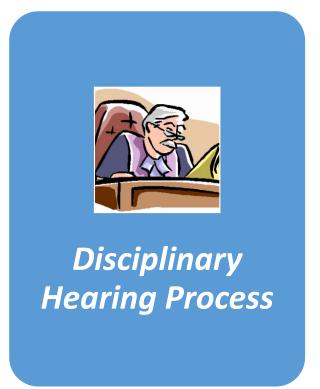


In an Administrative Hearing ("SOAH") an Administrative Law Judge runs hearing, takes testimonial/evidence, and



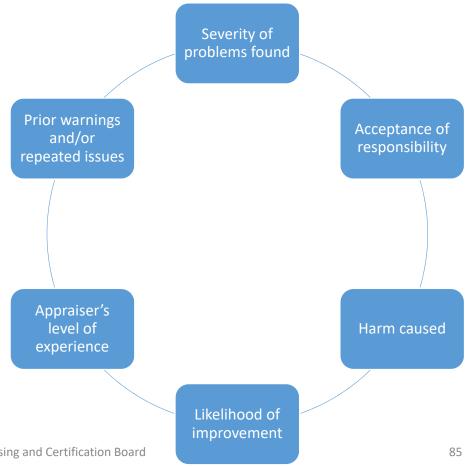
In an Administrative
Hearing ("SOAH")

makes a written Proposal for Decision ("PFD") within 60 days.



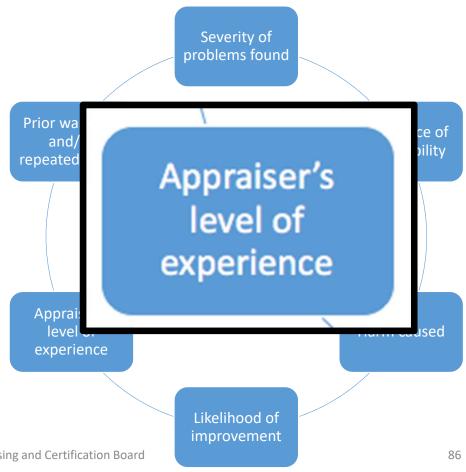
In an Administrative
Hearing ("SOAH") the
Board will issue "Final
Order" at their quarterly
meeting

Based upon statute and Board's penalty matrix [Rule 153.24(k)(2)] and affected by



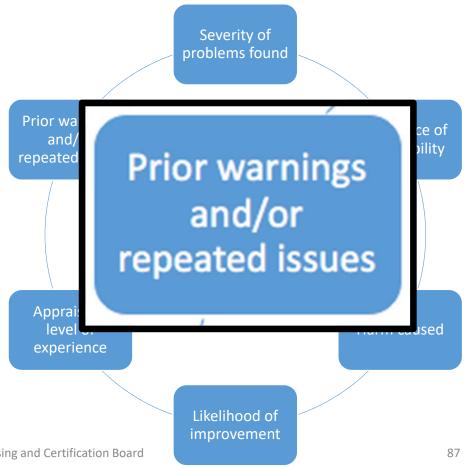
9/12/17

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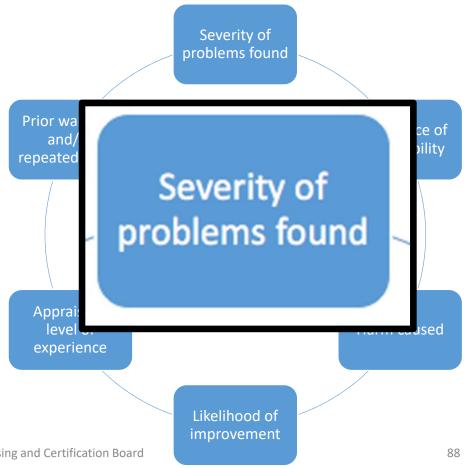
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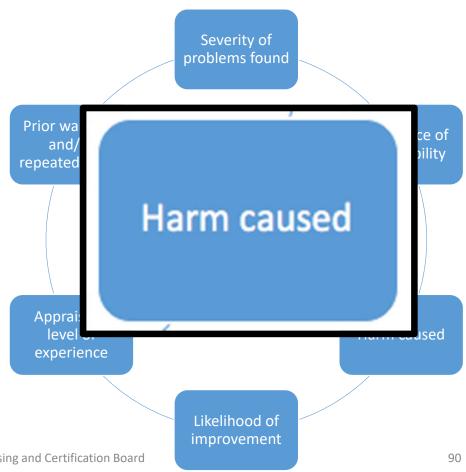
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9/12/17

Severity of Based upon statute and problems found Board's penalty matrix Prior wa e of and [Rule 153.24(k)(2)] ility repeated Likelihood of and affected by improvement Apprai experience Likelihood of improvement 9/12/17 Texas Appraiser Licensing and Certification Board 91

DISCIPLINARY SANCTIONS

Disciplinary Sanctions Can Include:

Public reprimand

Administrative penalties

Remedial Education

DISCIPLINARY SANCTIONS

Disciplinary Sanctions Can Include:

Mandatory Mentorship – with Board approved mentor

Re-examination – retake the exam

Experience Logs – submission & evaluation of work product

DISCIPLINARY SANCTIONS

DISCIPLINARY SANCTIONS CAN INCLUDE:

Suspension – period of time during which license or certification is suspended and appraiser cannot practice

Revocation – license or certification is revoked by the Board and appraiser can no longer practice

<u>VOLUNTARY SURRENDER</u> - In cases involving serious violations that warrant revocation, an appraiser may be offered the opportunity to voluntarily surrender their license / certification in lieu of proceeding further with the complaint

VOLUNTARY SURRENDER

Voluntary surrender affidavit is signed / notarized by the appraiser Board accepts the surrender and enters a final order

VOLUNTARY SURRENDER

Affidavit does not contain factual findings or legal conclusions related to the complaint allegations

<u>PROBATION</u> – all or a portion of a sanction can be probated with or without terms and conditions, including:

Requiring appraiser to not supervise trainees
Submission of quarterly experience logs and
affidavits

<u>PROBATION</u> — all or a portion of a sanction can be probated with or without terms and conditions, including:

Submission of written reports after attending remedial education

Mandatory mentorship

Instituting office policies or procedures

COMPLAINTS

DETAILS and OTHER STUFF



Conference between TALCB Staff and appraiser to foster resolution:

Statement of Investigative Conference Procedures and Rights provided Attending an investigative conference is VOLUNTARY

Conference between TALCB Staff and appraiser to foster resolution:

The appraiser can decline to answer questions posed by Staff
Appraiser may request a copy of the investigative report in advance of the conference

Conference between TALCB Staff and appraiser to foster resolution:

Specific statements made during the informal conference cannot be introduced as evidence at a trial

Conference between TALCB Staff and appraiser to foster resolution:

The responding appraiser may bring legal counsel or an advocate, etc.

The conference can be terminated at any time

What is a Mentor?

A mentor is an appraiser who has applied to and been approved by the Board to act as a mentor

What is a Mentor?

Mentoring arrangements represent a private agreement between the appraiser and the mentor. Negotiated items include:

Fees – Location - Timing

Requirements to become a mentor:

10+ years as a certified residential or certified general appraiser

In good standing in Texas and other state(s) of licensure/certification, with no disciplinary history

Requirements to become a mentor:

Either an AQB-Certified USPAP Instructor, or hold a recognized appraiser designation and be approved to instruct courses to obtain that designation

MENTORING

What is a Mentor?

A list of approved mentors is provided to the appraiser

MENTORING

Requirements to become a mentor:

Be in good standing, with no formal disciplines

WHAT IS THE PEER INVESTIGATIVE COMMITTEE (PIC)?

A committee of appraisers organized to assist the TALCB in reviewing appraisal reports

PICs are chaired by a Board member

WHO ARE PIC MEMBERS?

PIC members are appraisers who agrees to serve for a two-year period (individuals may be reappointed) and

WHO ARE PIC MEMBERS?

are asked to assist TALCB in performing appraisal reviews as part of a complaint investigation or an application for review of trainee work product

WHO ARE PIC MEMBERS?

All committee members are AQB-Certified USPAP Instructors

WHAT IF MY CASE HAS TO GO TO TRIAL?

WHERE DO UNRESOLVED CASES GO?

State Office of Administrative Hearings ("SOAH") – hears all complaint cases that are not resolved Composed of administrative law judges ("ALJ") (lawyers)

WHERE DO UNRESOLVED CASES GO? State Office of Administrative Hearings ("SOAH") –

Acts as judge to address legal issues Acts as fact finder to resolve disputed issues

HOW DOES THE HEARING PROCESS GET STARTED?

Statement of Charges ("SOC") filed and served Outlines the legal and factual allegations TALCB is making against the appraiser (board rules, USPAP provisions, provisions of statute etc.)

HOW DOES THE HEARING PROCESS GET STARTED?

Notice of Hearing ("NOH") filed and served

Outlines the time, place and location of the hearing, the legal authority for it and incorporates the SOC into it

HOW DOES THE HEARING PROCESS GET STARTED?

After getting notice of the disciplinary charges the appraiser files an Answer to charges

Discovery Process: Exchange of information about the case between the lawyers / parties

HOW DOES IT WORK?

Rules of procedure and evidence apply
We make our case -- testimony and documents
Record of testimony and evidence is kept

HOW DOES IT WORK?

Appraiser makes their case the same way Oral arguments (Opening / Closing Statements) are made

HOW DOES IT WORK?

Depositions – take a witness's testimony under oath before a court reporter who records everything

Written Discovery

HOW DOES IT WORK?

ALJ has 60 days to make a written decision Factual Findings – what are the facts Legal Conclusions – what are the legal results

WHAT HAPPENS AFTER THE HEARING?

Judge's decision is sent to all parties
Opportunity to file responses to the judge's decision and request modifications

WHAT HAPPENS AFTER THE HEARING?

Exceptions / Replies Judge will rule on the exceptions Judge's final decision is sent to Board for action

WHAT DOES THE BOARD DO?

Board will enter a Final Order based on the judge's proposal for decision ("PFD")

WHAT DOES THE BOARD DO?

Oral presentation made by both sides to Board. Only the evidentiary record from SOAH

WHAT HAPPENS AFTER THE BOARD SIGNS A FINAL ORDER?

Final Order takes effect <u>UNLESS</u> Appraiser Appeals via proper process...

Appraiser must file motion for rehearing within 20/25 days of receiving the final order

Board rules on whether a new hearing is needed so that justice is served

Very narrow grounds for giving a new trial

After exhaustion of Board remedies, appraiser must file lawsuit within 30 days in Travis County District Court

Heightened standard of review

COMMON USPAP VIOLATIONS

What are some of the USPAP violations Board Staff sees frequently?

Credible assignment results require support by relevant evidence and logic. The credibility of assignment results is always measured in the context of the intended use.

Source: 2016-2017 USPAP - SCOPE OF WORK RULE

In developing a real property appraisal, an appraiser must:

(a) be aware of, understand, and correctly employ those recognized methods and techniques that are necessary to produce a credible appraisal;

Source: 2016-2017 USPAP - Standards Rule 1-1

COMMON DEVELOPMENT VIOLATIONS:

Highest and best use analysis (lack of)

COMMON DEVELOPMENT VIOLATIONS:

Not selecting most similar sales without explanation

COMMON DEVELOPMENT VIOLATIONS:

Making adjustments in the sales comparison approach without market-related analysis

COMMON DEVELOPMENT VIOLATIONS:

Not employing recognized methods and techniques in estimating site value

Not basing estimates of effective age or accrued depreciation evidence and logic

COMMON DEVELOPMENT VIOLATIONS:

Making extraordinary assumptions which do not produce credible results

COMMON DEVELOPMENT VIOLATIONS:

Not selecting most similar rental comparables without explanation

COMMON DEVELOPMENT VIOLATIONS:

Making adjustments in the Income approach without market-related analysis

COMMON REPORTING VIOLATIONS: Producing a misleading appraisal report

COMMON REPORTING VIOLATIONS:

Not providing sufficient information to allow intended user(s) to properly understand the report properly

COMMON USPAP VIOLATIONS

Failing to maintain an adequate work file

Failure to summarize supporting reasoning

Failure to report and/or address zoning, easements, deed restrictions, flood plain or other issues that may impact highest and best use

Failure to disclose prior sales and/or listing history of the subject

Failure to accurately report "economic supply and demand" and "market area trends"

WOULD A PROSPECTIVE BUYER WANT TO KNOW?





Misrepresentations about the inspection Failure to address seller concessions Misrepresentations about the scope of work



SUBJECT PROPERTY





SUBJECT PROPERTY





SUBJECT PROPERTY





SUBJECT PROPERTY



\$796,300 MEAN \$765,000 MEDIAN



\$1,430,916 MEAN \$1,519,000 MEDIAN

RESIDENTIAL SUBDIVISION

ADJACENT TO BEACH





Texas Appraiser Licensing and Certification Board

PHOTOGRAPH OF COMPARABLE



ACTUAL COMPARABLE PROPERTY



Please don't ignore us!

Pick up any mail we send you. If there is a issue, ignoring it will not make it go away



Please don't ignore us!

Make timely responses, or if you have good reason ask for an extension

If you don't respond in a timely fashion we may have only an incomplete picture

Please don't ignore us! - Open your mail- Actual case



9/12/17

Please don't ignore us! - Open your mail- Actual case



Not being forthright

If there are errors or oversights recognizing (and admitting) to them is important

Let's us know you're willing to learn and change incorrect or insufficient processes

Not being forthright

Give us a comfort level that we're dealing with a solvable problem

If you lie to us (Ethics), all bets are off

When submitting your work file don't create new documents or pictures!

We look at dates and check sources

If your workfile is deficient, that alone rarely results in significant disciplinary action

When submitting your work file don't create new documents or pictures!

Padding the file after the fact creates more questions and suspicions

When submitting your work file don't create new documents or pictures!

You can supplement your work file to support your reasoning if you properly disclose that the supplement wasn't originally in your work file

Complainant asserts over or undervaluation Is this alone actionable?

NO – Value opinion is a matter of professional judgment

However, USPAP requires it is supported by relevant evidence and logic

Complainant asserts over or undervaluation

Is this alone actionable?

Does the investigation sometimes reveal OTHER problems which are actionable?

Does the investigation sometimes reveal OTHER problems which are actionable?

YES – Remember ASC Policy Statement 7

Once it becomes a formal complaint we must look beyond the allegations.

Complainant asserts over or undervaluation Is this alone actionable?

Even if it doesn't, who wants to spend time responding to a complaint due to careless mistakes or omissions

Careless reporting of facts Small things do matter

Finding factual inaccuracies Clients begin to question the appraisal

They wonder if your value opinion is credible

Careless Reporting of Facts

What has shown up in complaints?

- Incorrect zoning
- Inaccurate measurement of site or improvements (GLA)
- Incorrect description of actual age, bedrooms, baths, fireplaces, etc.

Careless Reporting of Facts What has shown up in complaints filed?

- Undocumented outbuildings
- Missing pools
- Errant garages
- Omitted identification of externalities -Power lines/Greenbelt/Lakes/Gas Wells/Commercial

Don't try to baffle us with industry jargon
Unlike some states, our investigators are
all state certified appraisers with
extensive and varied commercial and
residential backgrounds
Each has over 20+ years in appraising

Don't try to baffle us with industry jargon

Investigators are full-time employees who only do TALCB investigations (or teach)
They can usually identify when things don't look right or make sense

(Think recognized methods and techniques and USPAP)

Don't try to baffle us with industry jargon

Your complaint is not our first rodeo!



IT MAY BE BIGGER THAN JUST THE TALCE

URAR Certification #25

Any intentional or negligent misrepresentation(s) contained in this appraisal report may result in civil liability and/or criminal penalties



IT MAY BE BIGGER THAN JUST THE TALCB

URAR Certification #25

including, but not limited to, fine or imprisonment or both under the provisions of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1001, et seq., or similar state laws.



The Board awards experience credit in accordance with current criteria established by the AQB and in accordance with the provisions of the Act specifically relating to experience requirements

EXPERIENCE AUDITS-WHAT QUALIFIES:

Appraisals in compliance with STANDARDS 1 & 2

EXPERIENCE AUDITS-WHAT QUALIFIES:

Mass Appraisal in compliance with STANDARD 6

&

Demonstrates proficiency of skills under STANDARD 1

EXPERIENCE AUDITS-WHAT QUALIFIES:

Appraisal Reviews in compliance with STANDARD 3

&

Demonstrates proficiency of skills under STANDARD 1

EXPERIENCE AUDITS-WHAT QUALIFIES:

Appraisal Consulting in compliance with STANDARDS 4 & 5

&

Demonstrates proficiency of skills under STANDARD 1

EXPERIENCE AUDITS-WHAT QUALIFIES:

Complies with the USPAP edition in effect at the time of the appraisal

EXPERIENCE AUDITS-WHAT QUALIFIES:

Is verifiable and supported by work files in which the applicant is identified as participating in the appraisal process

EXPERIENCE AUDITS-WHAT QUALIFIES:

Appraisal report in which the Applicant is named in the certification as providing significant real property appraisal assistance; or

EXPERIENCE AUDITS-WHAT QUALIFIES:

The Applicant has signed the appraisal report

EXPERIENCE AUDITS-WHAT QUALIFIES:

Was performed when the applicant had legal authority to do so

EXPERIENCE AUDITS-WHAT QUALIFIES:

Complies with the acceptable categories of experience established by the AQB and stated in the TALCB Rules

EXPERIENCE AUDITS-WHAT QUALIFIES:

Experience credit may NOT be awarded for teaching appraisal courses.

EXPERIENCE AUDITS-PROCESS:

Applicant submits
Appraisal Experience Log
and Appraisal Experience
Affidavit listing every
assignment



EXPERIENCE AUDITS-PROCESS:

Board will request a minimum of two sample files selected from the Appraisal Experience Log

EXPERIENCE AUDITS-PROCESS:

Applicant has 60 days to supply appraisal reports and related workfiles

EXPERIENCE AUDITS-PROCESS:

Failure to comply with a request for documentation may result in denial of a license application

EXPERIENCE AUDITS-PROCESS:

Investigator reviews appraisal reports and workfiles for general compliance with USPAP, the Act, and Board Rules

EXPERIENCE AUDITS-PROCESS:

If some issues found, but can be corrected through more experience/education a Contingent Approval is possible

SUPERVISORY APPRAISERS AND TRAINEES: WHAT TO BE CAREFUL ABOUT?

Serving as a supervisory appraiser is a VOLUNTARY, legal obligation – 22 Tex. Admin. Code §§ 153.20(a)(15) and 153.21(e)

Obligation of supervisory appraiser is to: "diligently supervise the appraiser trainee" under his or her supervision

Direct supervision and training as necessary

Ongoing training and supervision as necessary after the supervisory appraiser determines that the trainee no longer requires direct supervision

Note: These requirements also extends to:

"any person not licensed or certified under the
Act who assists the license holder in performing
real estate appraiser services"

22 Tex. Admin. Code § 153.20(a)(15)

Communication with and accessibility to the trainee

Review and quality control of the trainee's work

Note: The Supervisory Appraiser is affirming information to the Board when he/she signs the Appraisal Experience Log

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

WHAT'S NEW AT TALCB THAT IMPACTS APPRAISERS?

Voluntary Trainee Reviews

Trainee may apply for PIC review of work product prior to experience audit

Up to two reviews allowed

After 500 and 1,000 hours

Voluntary Trainee Reviews

Trainee must submit form
(Application for Review of Trainee Work Product)
Pay \$75 fee
Send in appraisal report and work file

Voluntary Trainee Reviews

PIC will review and staff will notify Trainee in writing of findings

Voluntary Trainee Reviews

Note: Should there be material issues Trainee will have immunity if mere negligence

No one has immunity for gross negligence or intentional bad conduct

Reinstatement of License Requirements

Rules have been changed to facilitate appraisers who's license expired

The steps are:

Reinstatement of License Requirements

Pay the applicable fee

Satisfy Board as to honesty, trustworthiness, and integrity

Reinstatement of License Requirements

Satisfy experience requirements

Satisfy fingerprint and criminal history check

Reinstatement of License Requirements

Provides for recognition of previous experience by requiring experience verification of the greater of ten reports or 10% of applicable hours (depending on license)

Reinstatement of License Requirements

Demonstrate completion of 14 hours of appraiser continuing education for each year since the last renewal of previously held license

Reinstatement of License Requirements

Following applies only to applications for reinstatement of a previously held license that has expired less than five years and has workfiles

Submit an application for reinstatement

Reinstatement of License Requirements

Satisfy experience requirements

Satisfy fingerprint and criminal history check

Reinstatement of License Requirements

Still requires passing new experience audit

Reinstatement of License Requirements

At the Board's discretion may waive Proof of qualifying education College education or degree requirement

Reinstatement of License Requirements

At the Board's discretion may waive

Examination for persons whose appraiser license has been expired for less than five years

Reinstatement of License Requirements

Following applies only to applications for reinstatement of a previously held license that has expired more than five years or does not have workfiles

Apply for Trainee status

Reinstatement of License Requirements

Gain required experience (as detailed above)

Apply for same level of appraiser license as previously held

Reinstatement of License Requirements

The Board may:

Reinstate the applicant's previous appraiser license;
Reinstate upon completion of additional education,
experience or mentorship; or
Deny the application.

IDENTITY THEFT

Identity Theft Rule created to address ID theft issues Requires notice to TALCB within 90 days by filing a complaint Receive new license issued at no cost to you

IDENTITY THEFT

Identity Theft

Engaging in identity theft in order to perform appraisals by a person is not legally permitted to perform constitutes a violation

May also be referred to the appropriate law enforcement agency for criminal prosecution

Q & A SESSION

Ask the Attorney?

Ask the Investigator?

REMINDER

IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS OR CONCERNS IN THE FUTURE

CALL / E-MAIL US FIRST TO DISCUSS THINGS



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